

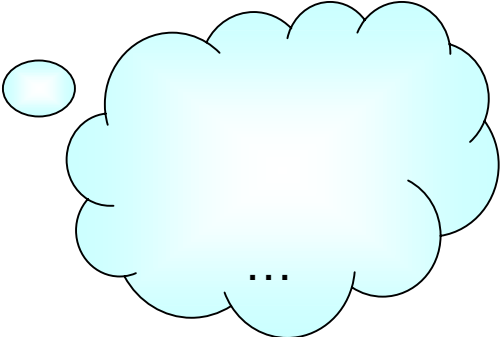
2003. 6. 10. – 12.

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- “ ”
- “ ”



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(aging) .

• ISO 17025 : .

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**Cs Frequency Standard**  
(HP5071A, Cs 321)

1/5/10 MHz

National Standard Frequency

Primary Distribution Amplifier  
(HP5087A)

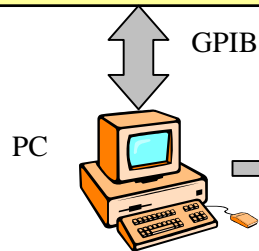
Distribution Amplifier  
(HP5087A)

ext.  
10 MHz

Frequency Counter  
(HP53132A)

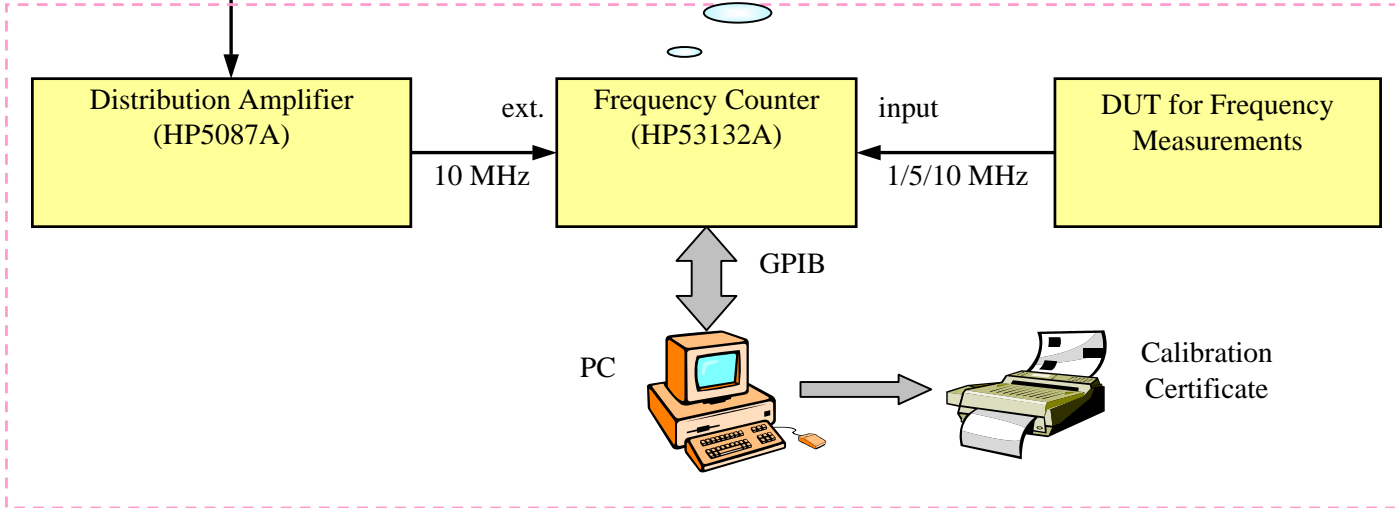
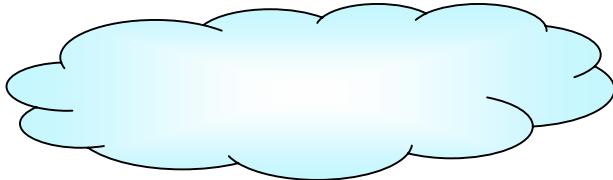
input  
1/5/10 MHz

DUT for Frequency  
Measurements



BIPM

“ ”



Calibration  
Certificate



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$$f = f_1 - f_2$$

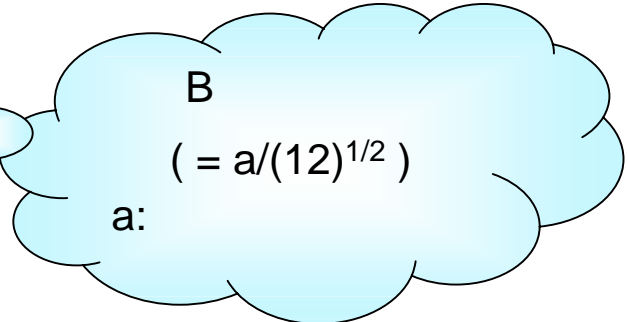
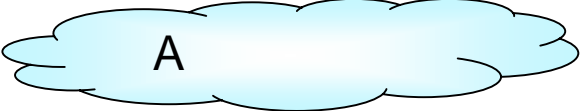
• 100 s 1000 s 1 MHz, offset  
 5 MHz, 10 MHz  
 (“ ” )

- $f_1 = f_{meas}$  : reading value from the frequency counter
- $f_2 = f_d$  : frequency offset of the frequency calibration system



$$u_c^2(f) = u^2(f_1) + u^2(f_2)$$

$$u^2(f_1) = u_A^2(f_1) + u_B^2(f_2)$$



# Coverage factor k – effective degrees of freedom

Type A

$$v_1 = n - 1$$

Type B

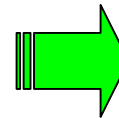
$$v_2 = \infty ,$$

if we can trust  $u(f_2)$  with 100 % level of confidence.

Effective degrees of freedom

- Welch-Satterthwaite formula

$$v_{eff} = \frac{u_c^4(f)}{\sum_{i=0}^n \frac{[c_i u(f_i)]^4}{v_i}} = \frac{u_c^4(f)}{\frac{u^4(f_1)}{(n-1)} + \frac{u^4(f_2)}{\infty}}$$



$$v_{eff} > n-1$$

# Coverage factor k – t-distribution

## T-distribution for degrees of freedom

Degrees of freedom	Levels of confidence (%)		
	90	95	99
...	..	..	..
40	1.68	2.02	2.70
45	1.68	2.01	2.69
...	..	..	..
50	1.68	2.01	2.68
100	1.660	1.984	2.626
$\infty$	1.645	1.960	2.576

- k becomes small as  $v_{eff}$  increases

$$\rightarrow v_{eff} \approx n$$

(if  $n$  is sufficiently large.)

- $k=1.984$  ( $n=100$ )

with a level of confidence of 95 %

- We can use

$$k=2$$

with a level of confidence of 95 %



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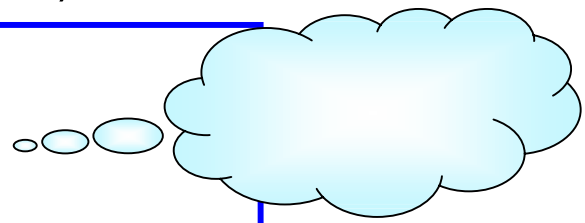
:

$$f = f_1 - f_2 \quad (\text{Hz})$$

(k=2)

$$U = k \times u_c(f) \quad (\text{Hz})$$

1. 평균주파수 및 확장불확도  
(Average frequency and expanded uncertainty)



- 명목 주파수 (nominal frequency) 10 000 000 Hz
- 측정 주파수(measured frequency):

① 평균주파수  $\bar{f} = 9999999.99999927 \text{ Hz}$

② 확장불확도  $U = 0.00000044 \text{ Hz}$

(단, k=2 이고, 신뢰수준은 95 % 임.)



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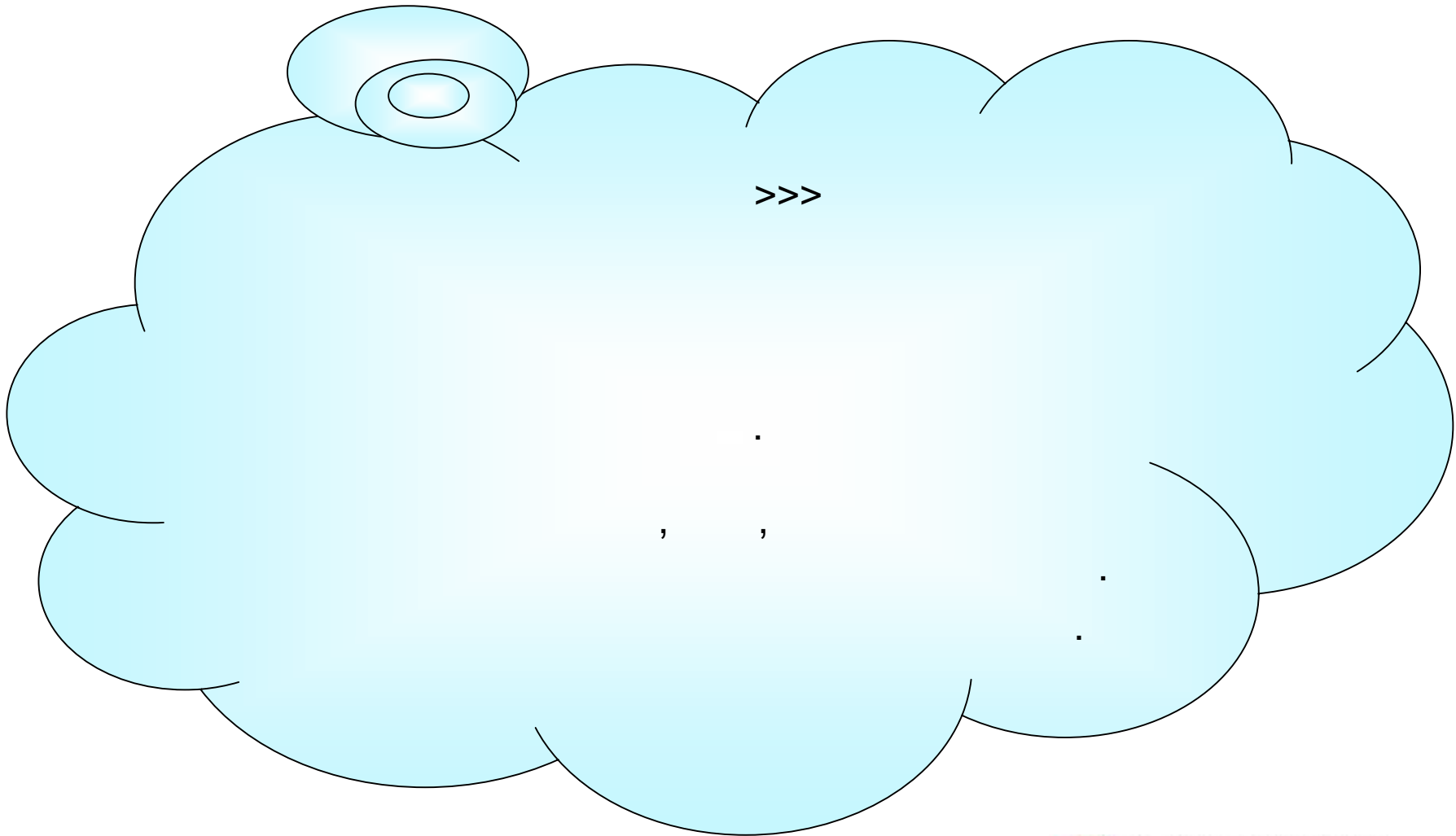
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- : ( ),
- : ( 가 )
- : 23(2) °C, 55 % .
- : 가
- : ( )



( : 10 000 000 Hz)

: 9 999 999 .9999 Hz

: 0.0010 Hz ( , k =2, 95 %)



offset ..

( : 10 000 000 Hz)  
: 9 999 999 .9999 Hz  
: 0.0010 Hz ( , k =2, 95 %)

offset

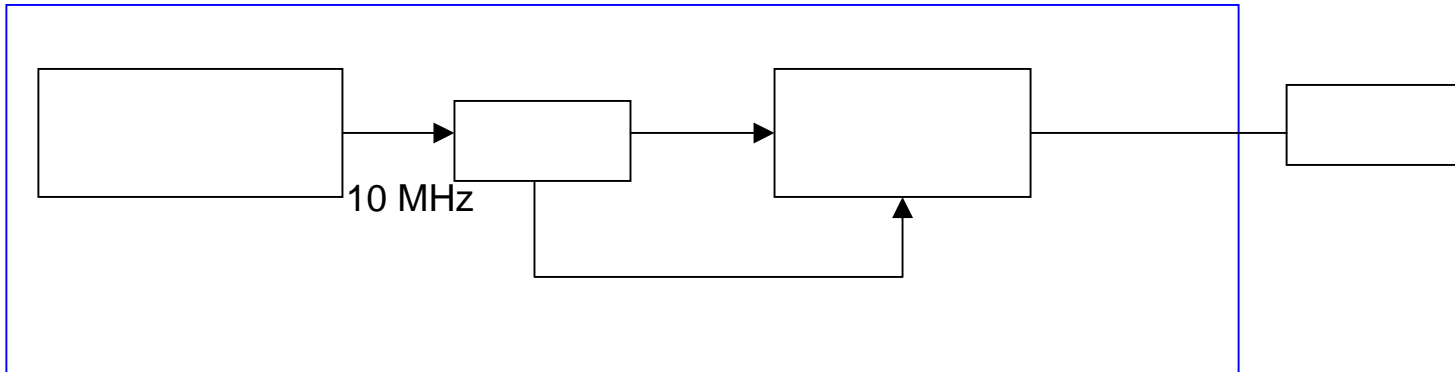
$$f_{ref-off} = -0.0001 \text{ Hz}$$



$$u_{ref} = 0.0010 / 2 \\ \approx 0.0005 \text{ Hz}$$



- 100 s 100 data ( )
- 
- 



( , 가 , .)



100 s      100      data

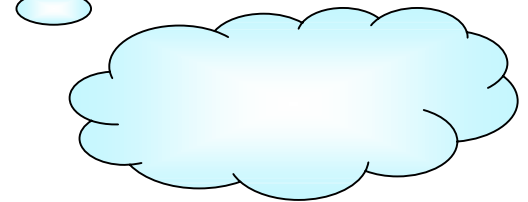
- : 9 999 999.9998 Hz , : 0.0004 Hz
- Raw data : 0.00001 Hz



$$u_{cnt-res} = 0.00001 / \sqrt{12} = 2.9 \times 10^{-6} \text{ Hz}$$



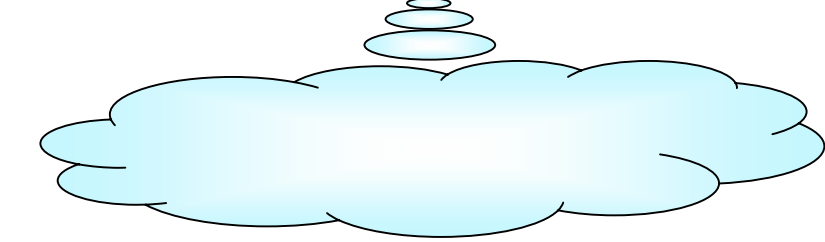
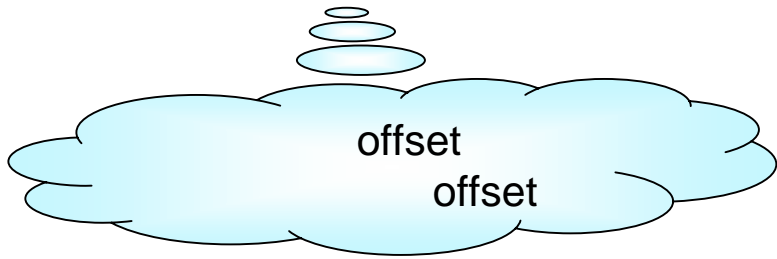
$$f_{cnt-off} = -0.0002 \text{ Hz}$$



$$u_{cnt} = \sqrt{0.0004^2 + (2.9 \times 10^{-6})^2}$$
$$\approx 0.0004 \text{ Hz}$$

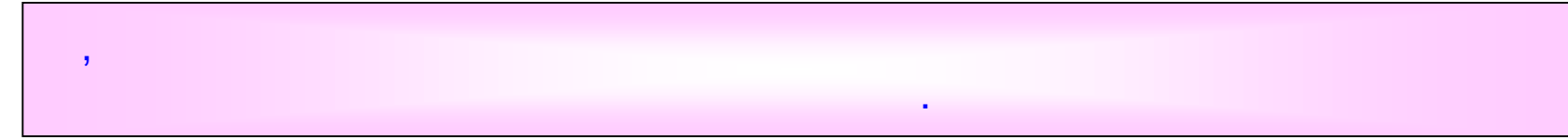


offset

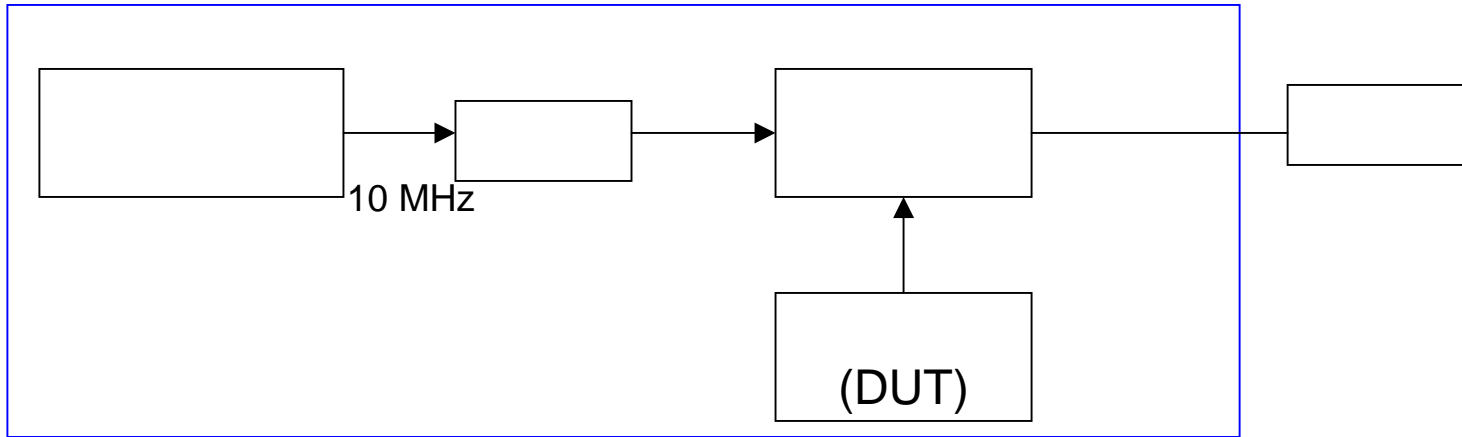


$$\begin{aligned} f_{sys-off} &= f_{ref-off} + f_{cnt-off} \\ &= -0.0001 + (-0.0002) \\ &= -0.0003 \text{ Hz} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} u_{sys} &= \sqrt{u_{ref}^2 + u_{cnt}^2} \\ &= \sqrt{0.0005^2 + (0.0004)^2} \\ &\approx 0.00064 \text{ Hz} \end{aligned}$$







$$f = f_{DUT} - f_{sys-off} \quad (f_{DUT} : \quad )$$



$$u = \sqrt{u_{DUT}^2 + u_{sys}^2}$$

( ,  $u_{DUT}^2 = u_{meas}^2 + u_{cnt-res}^2$  ,  $u_{meas}$  data ,  $u_{cnt-res}$  )

(BMC) (10 MHz)

- 가
- DUT(Device Under Test) , BMC
- 100 s 100 data

- : 9 999 999.9997 Hz , : 0.0024 Hz

$$\begin{aligned}
 u_{BMC} &= \sqrt{u_{DUT}^2 + u_{sys}^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{u_{mea}^2 + u_{cnt-res}^2 + u_{sys}^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{0.0024^2 + (2.9 \times 10^{-6})^2 + 0.00064^2} \\
 &\approx 0.0025 \text{ Hz}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{y-BMC} &= U_{BMC} / f \\
 &= 5.0 \times 10^{-10}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 U_{BMC} &= k \times u_{BMC} \\
 &\approx 0.005 \text{ Hz} \quad ( , k=2, 95 \% )
 \end{aligned}$$

100 s      100      data

- : 9 999 999.987 Hz , : 0.036 Hz

DUT

$$\begin{aligned}
 f &= f_{DUT} - f_{sys-off} \\
 &= 9\,999\,999.987 - (-0.0003) \\
 &\approx 9\,999\,999.987 \text{ Hz}
 \end{aligned}$$

DUT

$$\begin{aligned}
 u &= \sqrt{u_{DUT}^2 + u_{sys}^2} = \sqrt{u_{mea}^2 + u_{cnt-res}^2 + u_{sys}^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{0.036^2 + (2.9 \times 10^{-6})^2 + 0.00064^2} \\
 &\approx 0.036 \text{ Hz}
 \end{aligned}$$

DUT

$$U = 0.072 \text{ Hz} \quad ( , k=2,$$

95 % )



- : 10 000 000 Hz
- : 9 999 999.987 Hz
- : 0.072 Hz ( ,  $k=2$ , 95 % )

